



Fund Portrait



Third quarter 2021

Nordea 1 – Danish Covered Bond Fund

ISIN: LU0076315968 (BP-DKK) / LU0229519045 (BI-DKK)

Highlights

- The Danish covered bond market is a very liquid, predominantly AAA- rated market which has not experienced any default in more than 200 years¹ – even during the financial crisis in 2008 thanks to the Danish balance principle
- Danish covered (mortgage) bonds offer a solid performance, coupled with a potentially higher yield compared to European government bonds
- The fund gives investors access to a unique investment opportunity which provides good diversification characteristics



As an active investment manager, Nordea Asset Management manages asset classes across the full investment spectrum and aims to serve its clients in every market condition. Nordea's success is based on a sustainable and unique multi-boutique approach that combines the expertise of specialized internal boutiques with exclusive external competences allowing us to deliver alpha in a stable way for the benefit of our clients². Furthermore, we have put a lot of emphasis on launching outcome – as opposed to benchmark – oriented investment solutions whose basis, "stability investment philosophy", is designed to meet clients' risk appetite and needs.

The Nordea 1 – Danish Covered Bond Fund was launched in 1997 and is managed by Nordea's Danish Fixed Income & Euro Covered Bond Team, comprising nine investment professionals specialized in Danish covered bonds and this market's unique features. They are part of Nordea Asset Management, the leading fixed income manager in the Nordic region.

An attractive and multifaceted investment

Investment returns from high-quality bonds have fallen to historical lows. The Euro zone debt crisis has forced investors to look for investment alternatives – even in the supposedly safe Euro government bonds. As a result, investment decisions must take into account newly defined risk dimensions going forward.



Investors looking for additional returns, but unwilling to take substantially higher risks, will find a hitherto not very well known investment solution in the Nordic region: Danish covered bonds. In 2010, when analysing the origins of the US sub prime crisis George Soros, chairman of one of the most famous US hedge fund companies Soros Fund Management LLC, stated: "There is a proven mortgage financing system already up and running. The Danish model has been in use, continuously, since the aftermath of the Great Fire of Copenhagen in 1795".

What makes Danish covered bonds so special?

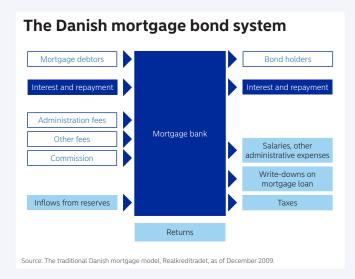
They are comparatively safe mortgage-backed bonds with unique characteristics. The secret behind this asset class is in the so-called "balance principle" introduced in 1850. Furthermore, Danish mortgage bonds provide at least a 99 percent match between the borrowers' interest and capital payments as well as the interest and capital payments to mortgage bond holders.

Mortgage banks offer loans with fixed and flexible terms as well as with and without prepayment option.

The loans are pooled and passed on to the investors as mortgage bonds that perfectly match the size, cash flows and maturities of the underlying loans.

1) Source: Nordea Investment Management AB. Date: 30.09.2021.2) There can be no warranty that an investment objective, targeted returns and results of an investment structure is achieved. The value of your investment can go up and down, and you could lose some or all of your invested money. 3) Source: George Soros, official website www.georgesoros.com. Date: 25.03.2010.

This is the main difference between the sub-prime mortgages launched in the US where issuers pooled not just loans from borrowers with different credit qualities but also bonds with different features.



Liquid bond market, even in times of great uncertainties

The financial crisis has shown once again that liquidity is key for investments. Indeed, during the crisis Danish mortgage banks were still able to sell their mortgage securities despite the difficult times. With the oldest and largest covered bond market in Europe (approximately EUR 419 billion)⁴, Denmark boasts a very stable, efficient and liquid credit system even during economic downturns.

Differences to US sub-prime mortgages

- Borrowers' interest and capital payments must match those to mortgage bond holders by at least 99 percent (Danish balance principle)
- · Reselling loans to third parties is forbidden
- Strict regulatory loan-to-value limit of 80 percent for owner-occupied properties
- No loans to sub-prime borrowers
- The collateral for mortgage bonds is the loan holder rather than the property

Compared to the US mortgage market, the Danish system is extremely safe because it has strict regulatory loan-to-value limits (e.g. 80 percent for owner-occupied properties) and loans are not granted to subprime borrowers. In addition, this market is extremely transparent due to the fact that loans can't be sold to third parties. As a result, the market has seen no bond defaults for over 200 years.

An investment alternative with historically higher yield levels

Liquidity and security are an important characteristic of an attractive investment, solid returns are another. Compared to European government bonds, Danish mortgage bonds are a solid investment alternative. Historically, the yield of Danish mortgage bonds exceeded that of comparable European government bonds.

As the borrower is entitled to prepay outstanding debt at par each quarter, the bond investor bears the reinvestment risk resulting from the prepayment. To compensate the bondholder for this risk, he receives a premium, the so-called convexity premium.



Data for Danish mortgage bonds have been calculated in Euros. Source: Nordea Investment Funds S.A. and Bloomberg; period under review: 10 years. Date: 30.09.2021.

Stable investment under all interest scenarios

The relative price stability of Danish mortgage bonds is another positive aspect for investors. Normally, borrowers will prepay existing loans when interest rates decrease and take out new loans at lower rate levels when a certain threshold is crossed.



Portfolio Manager

The prices of Danish mortgage bonds suffered after the Lehman bankruptcy, but – unlike German government bonds – the market remained liquid at all times.

The price of Danish covered bonds could come under pressure when interest rates increase. Borrowers have the chance to purchase their mortgage bonds below par in the stock exchange and return them to the relevant bank. By doing so, they can reduce their debts by the discrepancy to the par value. This mechanism ensures that the price of Danish mortgage bonds most likely remain stable under all interest-rate scenarios. For this reason, they generally trade in a price range between 85 and 105 whereas other bonds are much more volatile (interest-rate sensitivity).

The impact of the call option on the bond price 110 Non-callable bond 100 Peclining negative convexity of callable bonds 100 Callable Danish mortgage bonds from borrow repayments Source: Nordea Investment Management AB.

Diversification potential and superior risk/ return profile

As many client portfolios have a traditional bias towards bonds, investors bear a high default and interest rate risk. Danish mortgage bonds offer both diversification potential and a superior risk/return profile. The diversification potential is reflected in lower correlations to other bond segments.

In addition, Danish mortgage bonds can offer investors a superior long-term risk/return profile from the combination of a higher current return (via the convexity premium) and a lower interest-rate sensitivity of bonds in the medium maturity range.

Diversification potential

Correlation (5 year period)	Danish mortgages (NDEAMO)	European mortgages (EPOO)	European government bonds (BERPGA)	German government bonds (BEGRGA)
Danish mortgages	1.00	0.61	0.48	0.57
European mortgages		1.00	0.84	0.95
Europ. government bonds			1.00	0.77
German government bonds				1.00
Source: Nordea Investment Funds S.A. and Bloomberg. Date: 30.09.2021.				



Nordea's strategic investment alternative: Nordea 1 – Danish Covered Bond Fund

Nordea has been a reliable partner for fixed income investments over more than two decades, the Danish Fixed Income & Euro Covered Bond Team is managing around EUR 45 bn⁵. With the team led by Martin Hagelskjær Nielsen, Nordea has an expert and highly experienced management team for "Danish bonds" on board.

The winning formula of the Nordea 1 – Danish Covered Bond Fund is its investment philosophy. It is based on in-house research expertise for selecting individual Danish mortgage bonds with adequate premiums and emphasizes active risk management that focuses predominantly on tracking error and on identifying all sources of risk. At the same time, the managers seek to optimally use the risk budget in order to generate the most advantageous results for investors.

The Nordea 1 – Danish Covered Bond Fund boasts a long and successful track record⁶, which is remarkable given the rather difficult historical background.



Head of Danish Fixed Income Martin Hagelskjær Nielsen

This mechanism ensures that rising interest rates will put less pressure on Danish covered bonds than on other fixed income instruments.

Cumulative returns in % (30.09.2021)	Fund ⁷	Index ⁸
YTD	-5.09	-1.45
1 month	-1.90	-0.62
3 months	-1.73	-0.15
6 months	-2.77	-0.42
1 year	-4.77	-1.43
3 years	-1.34	0.51
5 years	1.27	-0.12
Since launch (21.02.1997)	132.75	154.41
Calendar year returns in %	Fund ⁷	Index ⁸
2020	1.54	0.29
2019	2.22	1.11
2018	0.50	0.89

Nordea 1 - Danish Covered Bond Fund

Fund manager	Danish Fixed Income Team		
Fund domicile		Luxembourg	
	LU0076315968 (BP-DKK)/LU0229519045 (BI-DKK) ⁹ LU0255620204 (AP-DKK)/LU0476538607 (AI-DKK) ¹⁰		
Annual management fees		0.60% (BP-DKK / AP-DKK) 0.30% (BI-DKK / AI-DKK) ¹¹	
Base currency		DKK	
Fund size in millions		8,438.47	
Reference index		75% Nordea DK Govt CM 5Y and 25% Nordea DK Govt CM 3Y	
No. of holdings		106	
Launch dates		97 (BP-DKK) / 02.11.2005 (BI-DKK) ¹¹ 6 (AP-DKK) / 14.01.2010 (AI-DKK) ¹¹	



Please be aware that there are risks associated with investing in this sub-fund, amongst others in: **Concentration, Covered Bond, Derivatives, Prepayment and extension.** For further details, please refer to the Key Investor Information Document, which is available as described in the disclaimer at the end of this document.

*Other share classes may be available in your jurisdiction. 7) ISIN Code LU0076315968 (BP-DKK). Starting form 21.021997. 8) With effect from 14.12.2020, the official reference index of the fund is 75% Nordea DK Govt CM 5Y and 25% Nordea DK Govt CM 3Y. Prior to this date, the fund did not have an official reference index. The performance of the reference index before this date is provided for convenience purposes. 9) Accumulating share classes. 10) Distributing share classes. 11) Al and BI share classes: only for distribution towards institutional clients. Minimum investment amount: EUR 75,000 (or the equivalent).

Risks

Source (unless otherwise states). Nodes Investment Funds S.A. Period under consideration (unless otherwise states). Performance is not a reliable indicator of future results and investors may not recover the full amount invested. The value of the performance. The performance represented is historical, past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results and investors may not recover the full amount invested. The value of shares can greatly fluctuate as a result of the sub-fund's investment policy and cannot be ensured. The performance is not a reliable indicator of future results and investors may not recover the full amount invested. The value of shares can greatly fluctuate as a result of the sub-fund's investment policy and cannot be ensured with the sub-fund's investment policy and cannot be ensured with the sub-fund's and the performance of the performance of